## What is claimed is:

- 1. A sensor comprising:
  - an enclosure having an input and an output;
  - a light source proximate to the enclosure;
  - a light detector proximate to the enclosure; and wherein the enclosure is capable of containing a first fluid.
- 2. The sensor of claim 1, wherein the enclosure comprises a permeable wall.
- 3. The sensor of claim 2, wherein the permeable wall can permit entry of a second fluid into the enclosure.
- 4. The sensor of claim 3, wherein:

  the first fluid is a reagent; and

  the second fluid is an analyte.
- 5. The sensor of claim 3, further comprising a processor connected to the light detector.

- 6. The sensor of claim 5, further comprising an indicator connected to the processor.
- 7. The sensor of claim 6, further comprising a container connected to the input of the enclosure.
- 8. The sensor of claim 7, further comprising a valve connected to the output of the enclosure.
- 9. The sensor of claim 8, further comprising a second container connected to the output of the enclosure.
- 10. The sensor of claim 9, further comprising a second light source proximate to the enclosure.
- 11. The sensor of claim 10, wherein: the light source has a first wavelength; and the second light source has a second wavelength.
- 12. The sensor of claim 11, wherein: the first fluid is a reagent; and the second fluid is an analyte.

- 13. A fluid sensor comprising:
  - a tube comprising a membrane wall;
  - a reagent supply container connected to a first end of the tube;
  - a reagent disposal container connected to a second end of the tube;
  - a first light source having a first wavelength proximate to the second end of the tube;
  - a second light source having a second wavelength proximate to the second end of the tube; and
  - a light detector proximate to the first end of the tube.
- 14. The sensor of the claim 13, further comprising control electronics connected to the first and second light sources, and to the light detector.
- 15. The sensor of claim 14, wherein a fluid to be tested may flow proximate to the tube.

- 16. The sensor of claim 15, wherein the membrane is permeable for permitting an entry of an analyte from the fluid into the tube.
- 17. A sensor comprising:
  - a first container;
  - a tube, having a porous wall, connected to the first container; and
  - a light source proximate to the tube.
- 18. The sensor of claim 17, further comprising a reagent in the tube.
- 19. The sensor of claim 18, further comprising a valve connected to one end of the tube.
- 20. The sensor of claim 19, further comprising a light detector proximate to the tube.
- 21. The sensor of claim 20, further comprising a second light source proximate to the tube.

- 22. The sensor of claim 20, further comprising a second container connected to the valve.
- 23. The sensor of claim 22, further comprising a flow sensor proximate to the tube.
- 24. The sensor of claim 23, wherein the sensor is integrated into a phased heater sensing system.
- 25. The sensor of claim 24, wherein the sensor is integrated into a cytometer system.
- 26. A sensing means comprising:

means for the holding a fluid;

- means for providing a fluid to the means for holding the fluid;
- means for controlling a flow of a fluid into the means for holding a fluid;
- means for illuminating a fluid in the means for holding a fluid; and

means for detecting light from the means for illuminating a fluid via the means for holding a fluid; and

wherein the means for holding a fluid permits analyte to enter the means for holding a fluid.

- 27. The sensing means of claim 26, wherein the fluid is a reagent.
- 28. The sensing means of claim 27, wherein the means for illuminating emanates light at two different wavelengths.
- 29. The sensing means of claim 28, further comprising a means for processing connected to the means for controlling a flow of a fluid, the means for illuminating, and the means for detecting light.
- 30. The sensing means of claim 29, further comprising a means for providing information connected to the means for processing.
- 31. A method for sensing, comprising:

placing a reagent into an enclosure;
subjecting the enclosure to an environment containing
 analyte so that the analyte mixes with the
 reagent;

illuminating the reagent; and detecting light from the reagent.

- 32. The method of claim 31, further comprising converting the light into electrical signals.
- 33. The method of claim 32, further comprising processing the electrical signals into information about the analyte.
- 34. The method of claim 33, further comprising replenishing the reagent in the enclosure.
- 35. The method of claim 34, further comprising repeating the method of claims 31-34.
- 36. The method to claim 35, wherein the enclosure has a membrane wall capable of permeation by the analyte.

- 37. The method of claim 36, wherein the membrane is capable of containing the reagent in the enclosure.
- 38. A sensor comprising:
  - an enclosure having an input and an output;
  - a light source proximate to the enclosure;
  - a light detector proximate to the enclosure; and wherein the enclosure is capable of containing a fluid.
- 39. The sensor of claim 38, wherein the enclosure comprises a membrane.
- 40. The sensor of claim 39, wherein the membrane can permit entry of analyte into the enclosure.
- 41. The sensor of claim 40, wherein the membrane can permit entry of reagent into the enclosure.
- 42. The sensor of claim 41, further comprising a processor connected to the light detector.

- 43. The sensor of claim 42, further comprising an indicator connected to the processor.
- 44. The sensor of claim 43, further comprising a container connected to the input of the enclosure.
- 45. The sensor of claim 44, further comprising a valve connected to the output of the enclosure.
- 46. The sensor of claim 45, further comprising a second container connected to the output of the enclosure.
- 47. The sensor of claim 46, further comprising a second light source proximate to the enclosure.
- 48. The sensor of claim 47, wherein:

  the light source has a first wavelength; and

  the second light source has a second wavelength.
- 49. The sensor of claim 48, further comprising a flow sensor in the enclosure.

50. The sensor of claim 48, wherein each of the light source and the second light source may a laser type of light source.